

Form ADV Part 2A Brochure



FIRST EAGLE SEPARATE ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT, LLC

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of First Eagle Separate Account Management, LLC (“**FESAM**”). If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at (212) 698-3300. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) or by any state securities authority. FESAM is a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “**Advisers Act**”). This registration does not imply any level of skill or training.

Additional information about FESAM also is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

ITEM 2 MATERIAL CHANGES

FESAM filed its last annual update to the Form ADV on May 1, 2020. FESAM was previously named First Eagle BDC Adviser LLC, and had originally been organized in 2019 to manage Business Development Companies (“**BDCs**”), though it had never commenced operations. As its prior intended client base had consisted of BDCs, FESAM had not previously been required to prepare, file or deliver a brochure. As such, although the firm previously included this material in an other-than-annual update in December 2020, this is the first time these materials have appeared in an annual update.

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ITEM 4 ADVISORY BUSINESS

Firm Overview

FESAM (formerly known as First Eagle BDC Adviser LLC) is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and has been a registered investment adviser under the Advisers Act since 2019. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of First Eagle Investment Management, LLC (“**FEIM**”) and an indirect subsidiary of First Eagle Holdings, Inc., a holding company incorporated in Delaware (“**FE Holdings**” and the advisory business of FEIM, FESAM and all other affiliates, “**First Eagle**”). Since 2015, a controlling interest in FE Holdings has been owned by BCP CC Holdings L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (“**BCP CC Holdings**”). BCP CC Holdings GP L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company (“**BCP CC Holdings GP**”), is the general partner of BCP CC Holdings and has two managing members, Blackstone Capital Partners VI L.P. (“**BCP VI**”) and Corsair IV Financial Services Capital Partners L.P. (“**Corsair IV**”). BCP VI and Corsair IV are indirectly controlled by The Blackstone Group Inc. (“**Blackstone**”) and Corsair Capital LLC (“**Corsair**”), respectively. Investment vehicles indirectly controlled by Blackstone and Corsair and certain co-investors own a majority economic interest in FE Holdings, and therefore indirectly in FESAM, through BCP CC Holdings.

Investment Advisory Services

FESAM provides investment management services to wrap fee or other non-institutional separately managed account (“**SMA**”) programs sponsored by broker-dealers, banks, or other investment advisers (“**Wrap/SMA Programs**”). In most Wrap/SMA Programs, the program sponsor (“**Sponsor**”) charges participants (“participants” or “investors”) a comprehensive fee (the wrap fee), inclusive of the advisory fee charged by FESAM and fees for other services provided by the Sponsor, including typically trading commissions for securities transactions executed through the Sponsor or a designated broker (“Designated Broker”). Additional fees may be incurred in connection with certain trades instructed by FESAM on behalf of the accounts. Wrap/SMA Programs vary by Sponsor, and FESAM may act in a discretionary or non-discretionary capacity. Under a single contract Wrap/SMA Program or a “model-only” Wrap/SMA Program (sometimes called a Unified Managed Account (“UMA”) programs), FESAM enters into an investment management agreement directly with the Sponsor, while under a dual contract Wrap/SMA Program, FESAM enters into an investment management agreement with both the underlying program participants and the Sponsor. For discretionary Wrap/SMA Programs, FESAM has the authority to enter into transactions on behalf of Wrap/SMA Program participants, subject to any investment or trading restrictions provided by the Sponsor or Wrap/SMA Program participants. See Item 12 — Brokerage Practices below for additional information about trade execution under a Wrap/SMA Program.

Investment decisions will be based on the chosen investment strategy, in line with any applicable guidelines and/or restrictions.

For SMAs, FESAM has agreed to abide by certain restrictions from investors, including but not limited to restrictions on securities or types of securities. In FESAM’s management of an investor’s

account, FESAM will not be responsible for and will not consider any securities, cash or investments owned by the investor, the investor's financial circumstances or investment objectives outside of the investor's assets managed by FESAM.

Depending on the program terms, a participant in a Wrap/SMA Program may restrict the purchase of certain securities for an account. An investor may name either specific securities or a category that includes specified securities that may not be purchased for the account. The investor or Sponsor will be responsible for identifying any security or group of securities which may not be held in the account. If an investor identifies a category of restricted securities (e.g., tobacco companies, gambling stocks) without identifying the underlying companies of which the category is comprised or a source for identifying such underlying companies, FESAM or the Sponsor may utilize outside service providers to identify the universe of companies that will be considered in such a category. When a security is required to be sold or is restricted from being purchased for an account, it may adversely affect the account's performance and cause it not to track the performance of FESAM's other accounts without similar restrictions within the same investment disciplines. The change of the classification of a company, the grouping of an industry or the credit rating of a security may force FESAM to sell securities in an investor's account at an inopportune time and possibly cause a taxable event to the investor.

FESAM manages the following principal investment strategies:

- **Overseas ADR** — This strategy seeks to deliver attractive real returns while avoiding the permanent impairment of capital over time by using a value approach to investing in equity securities issued by non-U.S. corporations primarily through USD tradeable securities, a majority of which are American Depositary Receipts (“**ADRs**”). The investment team seeks to follow a bottom-up, fundamental approach, focusing on companies with businesses that they believe have sustainable profitability, trading at what they believe are significant discounts to their Intrinsic Values.¹ The non-U.S. equity strategy may be invested in companies located in mature (also known as developed) markets or in emerging markets. The investment team will also invest in exchange-traded funds (“**ETFs**”) representing exposure to gold and other precious metals. Additionally, the investment team will have the flexibility to invest in U.S. traded stocks of non-U.S. companies and U.S. companies engaged in significant non-U.S. business, and cash and cash equivalents.

Assets under Management

As of December 31, 2020, we managed regulatory assets under management of \$1,011,086 on a discretionary basis.

¹ FESAM defines “Intrinsic Value” as its estimate of what a knowledgeable buyer might pay in cash for an entire business. In creating such estimates, while FESAM typically considers traditional valuation criteria such as price/ earnings and price/book ratios, it generally places greater emphasis on cash flow valuation (enterprise value/ EBIT) and on valuations that take the balance sheet into account (enterprise value/net asset value; enterprise value/asset replacement value), while also noting multiples paid in private market transactions (where possible and applicable).

ITEM 5 FEES AND COMPENSATION

The specific way fees are charged by FESAM is established in the written agreement governing each account.

FESAM generally negotiates the fees paid to us for investment management services provided to Wrap/SMA Programs directly with the Sponsor, and not with individual Wrap/SMA Program participants. Wrap/SMA Program participants receive a brochure from the Sponsor detailing all aspects of the Wrap/SMA Program. Fees and features of each Wrap/SMA Program vary by Sponsor. Wrap/SMA Program participants should consult the Sponsor's brochure for the specific fees and features applicable to their program. For Wrap/SMA Program accounts, participants generally pay the Sponsor a single fee and out of this amount FESAM is paid its negotiated fee rate by the Sponsor for advisory services. The Sponsor retains the remainder of the fee for trade execution, custody, and additional services. Additional fees will be incurred in connection with certain trades made on behalf of Wrap/SMA Program accounts, including relating to investments in ADRs, ETFs or other underlying funds, where applicable. See Item 12 – Brokerage Practices for more information.

FESAM's basic annual fee schedule for SMAs in its Overseas ADR is currently expected to be as follows:

	Management Fee	Expected Minimums
Dual Contracts	0.55%	\$2 million to \$10 million
Single Contracts	0.40%	\$100,000
UMA/Model Delivery	0.35%	\$100,000

The basic fees listed above can vary depending on certain factors including but not limited to the total value of client assets under management with FESAM.

Unless a different arrangement is made with a client, FESAM expects generally to bill its management fees on a quarterly basis in arrears based on the average month-end assets during the quarter. Management fees are typically prorated for partial periods.

FESAM does not currently have performance-based fee arrangements with any clients.

FESAM's contracts typically include a provision for indemnification to FESAM under certain circumstances.

In certain circumstances, fees and account minimums are negotiable. FESAM may change its fee structure at any time.

Because the Sponsor does not charge an additional commission for brokerage transactions, FESAM expects it will usually be more cost effective to the investor account for FESAM to execute transactions through the Sponsor or a Designated Broker instead of through other broker-dealers, who typically charge additional commissions. In some cases, the Sponsor has directed FESAM to execute transactions through the Sponsor or a Designated Broker. Additional information on FESAM's brokerage practices is set forth below under Item 12—Brokerage Practices.

Other Fees and Expenses

In addition to fees paid to FESAM for investment advisory services by the Wrap/SMA Programs it advises, depending on the arrangement with the Sponsor, investor accounts also may incur certain other expenses including direct or indirect charges imposed by custodians, brokers dealers, and other third parties; costs related to ADR set-up, custody, and maintenance; IRA and retirement account fees; margin interest; costs associated with exchanging foreign currencies; activity assessment fees; odd-lot differentials; withholding fees; wire transfer and electronic fund fees; all taxes imposed on an account or an investment, including transfer taxes, country tax, or delivery fees; and certain other fees and expenses authorized under account documents. Underlying funds, including underlying ETFs and mutual funds, pay fees and expenses that are ultimately borne by investors (including but not limited to management fees, brokerage costs, and administration and custody fees). Additionally, underlying funds held in an investor account have annual investment advisory expenses, so investors incur two levels of investment management fees: one indirectly in the form of an investment management fee to the investment adviser of each underlying fund, and one to the Sponsor (part of which is paid to FESAM as an advisory fee for its services). To the extent FESAM determines to place trades for an account with a broker-dealer other than a Sponsor or other Designated Broker that does not impose trading commissions (referred to as "trading away"), investor accounts may incur trading costs in addition to the wrap fees or other program fees paid by the account. The broker-dealer executing the trade-away transaction may charge fees that may include commissions, markups, markdowns or "spreads" paid to market makers, which will be borne by investor accounts. Additionally, if a foreign currency transaction is required, a foreign broker-dealer may receive compensation in the form of a dealer spread, markup or markdown. There may be other exchange or similar fees charged by third parties, including but not limited to those relating to foreign currency conversion, creation of ADRs, and foreign tax charges. Program participants will not be able to tell by looking at their trade confirmation or account statement whether they incurred additional costs (or the amount of any such costs) in connection with trading away because such costs are not identified separately because they are incorporated into the net price of the trade. For more information with respect to brokerage commissions, see Item 12—Brokerage Practices, below.

Please see brochure for your SMA/Wrap Program for more details regarding the fees and expenses your account may bear.

ITEM 6 ADVISORY BUSINESS

In addition to the accounts FESAM manages for asset-based fees, FEIM, the parent of FESAM, also charges certain accounts performance-based fees — that is, fees based on a share of capital gain or capital appreciation of the account assets. There are potential conflicts of interest that arise due to the side-by-side management of fixed-fee accounts with performance-fee accounts as there is an incentive to favor higher-fee-paying accounts in the allocation of investment opportunities. Moreover, performance-based fee arrangements create an incentive for FEIM, or FESAM, to make investments which are riskier or more speculative than those which would be made under a different fee arrangement. A similar conflict exists to favor higher-fee-paying accounts when managing investor accounts paying higher asset-based fees compared to other accounts; likewise when FESAM manages accounts containing assets owned by FEIM, FESAM itself, its employees, or its owners side-by-side with other accounts.

FESAM, its affiliates and their respective personnel have differing investment, compensatory and other pecuniary interests that could serve to influence such persons to favor one client over another — including in circumstances where personnel are in position to influence investment or other decisions that impact clients. For instance, FESAM may maintain a proprietary account with one or more Wrap/SMA Program Sponsors. While FESAM aims to treat any such accounts equitably with other accounts at that sponsor and FESAM believes this account helps it to monitor execution and other services provided to accounts, FESAM has an incentive to favor its proprietary accounts and could have a conflict of interest in certain circumstances.

To mitigate conflicts related to performance fees and pecuniary interests, FESAM and its affiliates have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures, including trade aggregation and allocation procedures, reasonably designed to ensure that all clients are treated fairly and equitably over time, and to prevent these conflicts from influencing the allocation of investment opportunities among clients, and FESAM operates a separate trade implementation process for Wrap/SMA Programs (see Item 12 – Brokerage Practices for more details). Generally, FESAM will allocate trades for Wrap/SMA Programs on a pro-rata basis among eligible accounts where such trades are executed by one trading process, regardless of advisory fees paid to FESAM or of other pecuniary interests of FESAM, FEIM or their respective personnel. Eligible accounts include those handled by the same trading process for which there are no guidelines or restrictions that are inconsistent with the proposed trade and for which there is available cash to enter into the transaction.

Certain considerations, including cash flow, tax status, specialized account status, odd lots/de minimis status and threshold amounts, can cause FESAM to deviate from pro-rata allocation and vary the portfolio composition, timing, and/or relative size of purchases and sales among types of accounts if, under the circumstances, such other method of allocation is reasonable, done in good faith and does not result in an improper or systematic disadvantage to any account. Please see Item 12 – Brokerage Practices for more details.

FESAM expects to review performance dispersion among all similar accounts periodically to identify whether any account appears to have been consistently favored relative to other similar accounts over time. Further details on allocation policies and procedures are provided in Item 12 — Brokerage Practices, below.

ITEM 7 TYPES OF CLIENTS

FESAM provides portfolio management services to Wrap/SMA Program Sponsors and their clients. FESAM generally requires minimum account sizes, which are based on mandate and type and are determined by the agreement between FESAM and the Wrap/SMA Program Sponsor. FESAM reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to waive or change investment minimums in certain circumstances.

FESAM establishes minimum account strategies with individual Wrap/SMA Programs. See Item 5 – Fees and Compensation for more information about expected minimum account sizes. FESAM may waive the minimum account requirements or establish different minimum account standards for certain Wrap/SMA Programs from time to time in its sole discretion. Please see the Wrap/SMA Program brochure for details about a specific Wrap/SMA Program.

ITEM 8 METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

The following are broad descriptions of the methods of analysis and strategies employed by FESAM. The investment approaches and material risks described below for each investment strategy are not comprehensive. A particular investment strategy may involve additional investment selection criteria and be subject to additional risks not described below. The investment strategies and associated risks for Wrap/SMA Programs are described in more detail in the offering materials provided by the Wrap/SMA Program Sponsor.

Overseas ADR

- **Overseas ADR** — This strategy seeks to deliver attractive real returns while avoiding the permanent impairment of capital over time by using a value approach to investing in equity securities issued by non-U.S. corporations primarily through USD tradeable securities, a majority of which are ADRs. The investment team seeks to follow a bottom-up, fundamental approach, focusing on companies with businesses that they believe have sustainable profitability, trading at what they believe are significant discounts to their Intrinsic Values. The non-U.S. equity strategy may be invested in companies located in mature (also known as developed) markets or in emerging markets. The investment team will also invest in ETFs representing exposure to gold and other precious metals. Additionally, the investment team will have the flexibility to invest in U.S. traded stocks of non-U.S. companies and U.S. companies engaged in significant non-U.S. business, and cash and cash equivalents.

The strategies employed by FESAM for Wrap/SMA Programs may be materially different from strategies offered by FESAM or its affiliates that are not subject to the limitations of the Wrap/SMA Programs.

Investment Risks

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that investors should be prepared to bear. Below are certain specific risks associated with the above strategies. As it is not possible to identify all the risks associated with investing, this section discusses certain material risks of FESAM's investment activities. Moreover, the specific risks applicable to a client will depend upon various factors. For each strategy, please refer to your Wrap/SMA Program Sponsor's offering materials

for a more detailed explanation of risks. Investors or potential investors should be aware that an investment in an account managed by FESAM is not intended to provide a complete investment program. FESAM assumes that investors will not invest all of their assets in a FESAM-managed account. Investors are responsible for appropriately diversifying their assets to guard against the risk of loss. The value of a strategy's investments will generally fluctuate with, among other things, changes in prevailing interest rates, federal tax rates, counterparty risk, general economic conditions, the condition of certain financial markets, developments or trends in any particular industry and the financial condition of the issuer.

Market Risk — The value of an investor's holdings may fluctuate in response to events specific to companies or markets, as well as to economic, political, or social events in the U.S. and abroad. Market risk includes unexpected directional price movements, deviations from historical pricing relationships, changes in the regulatory environment, changes in market volatility, panicked or forced selling of assets and contraction of available credit or other financing sources. The success of a strategy's activities may be affected by general economic and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, economic uncertainty, changes in laws and national and international political circumstances.

Regulatory Risk — Adverse changes to existing laws or regulations, or the adoption of new laws or regulations, have the potential to negatively affect existing investment holdings and restrict FESAM's ability to implement intended investment strategies. Such changes could result in the forced sale of certain account holdings and limit the scope of available investment opportunities.

Small and Medium Size Company Risk — Shares of small and medium sized companies are generally less liquid, and more volatile in price, than those of larger companies. Certain small companies especially are less seasoned, trade in the over-the-counter markets, not well-known to the investing public, not significantly owned by institutions and can have cyclical, static or only moderate growth prospects.

Non-U.S. Investment Risk — Non-U.S. investments often involve special risks not present in U.S. investments that can increase the chance of losing money. These risks include risks associated with non-U.S. custodians and depositories and fluctuations in currency exchange rates. Non-U.S. investments also generally trade in thinner markets than U.S. investments. In addition, non-U.S. investments may be subject to less politically and economically stable environments with a greater likelihood of abrupt changes to government regulation than in the U.S. Non-U.S. investments are subject to heightened risks of currency or capital controls, transfer restrictions, expropriation or nationalization of assets, and other governmental actions that may adversely impact issuers. The legal systems in certain countries provide relatively weak protections for investors.

Risks Associated with "Brexit" — The United Kingdom ("UK") officially left the European Union ("EU") on January 31, 2020, with a transitional period that ended on December 31, 2020, commonly referred to as "Brexit." Prior to the conclusion of the transitional period, the EU and the UK entered into and ratified the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement ("TCA"), which lays out the terms of the UK's future cooperation with the EU. Despite the TCA, there is likely to be considerable uncertainty as to the UK's post-transition framework. Brexit created and may continue to create an uncertain political and economic environment in the UK and the EU and may impact countries outside of the EU. Further, Brexit may cause volatility within the EU, triggering

prolonged economic downturns in certain European countries or sparking additional member states to contemplate departing the EU. In addition, Brexit may create actual or perceived additional economic stresses for the UK, including decreased trade, capital outflows, devaluation of the British pound, wider corporate bond spreads due to uncertainty, possible declines in business and consumer spending, and reduced foreign investments into the UK.

Emerging Market Risk — The risks associated with non-U.S. investments are generally more pronounced with respect to investments in emerging markets. Emerging markets are riskier than more developed markets because they tend to develop unevenly and may never fully develop. Investments in emerging markets may be considered speculative.

Gold and Commodity Risk — Exposure to gold and other commodities, including through ETFs, may subject a portfolio to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. Accounts may be invested in the securities of companies in the gold mining sector. Prices of gold-related issues are susceptible to changes to U.S. and non-U.S. taxes, currency, mining laws, inflation, and various other market conditions.

Depository Receipt Risk — The strategy will invest in securities of non-U.S. companies in the form of ADRs or similar securities. ADRs are negotiable certificates issued by a U.S. financial institution that represent a specified number of shares in a foreign stock. ADRs may trade on a U.S. national securities exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, or be traded over-the-counter. While ADRs are denominated in U.S. dollars, they are still subject to currency exchange rate risks. The securities underlying an ADR are usually denominated or quoted in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. As a result, changes in foreign currency exchange rates may affect the value of a portfolio's investment. Generally, when the U.S. Dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, a security denominated in that currency loses value because the currency is worth fewer U.S. Dollars. In addition, because the underlying securities of ADRs trade on foreign exchanges at times when the U.S. markets are not open for trading, the value of the securities underlying the ADRs may change materially at times when the U.S. markets are not open for trading. ADRs entitle the shareholder to all dividends, net of any applicable local withholding taxes, and capital gains that would be paid on the company's ordinary shares. The price of ADRs can be materially impacted by a large increase in order volume. To the extent that a strategy seeks exposure to securities of non-U.S. companies using securities traded in the United States other than ADRs, such as so-called "F-Shares," the strategy will be subject to similar risks as if it held ADRs.

Differential Strategy Risk — An affiliate of FESAM has experience in managing pooled investment funds, but FESAM and its affiliates have limited experience in managing separate accounts, which are subject to different regulatory and other restrictions from pooled vehicles. Due to these differences, the investment strategies FESAM offers are not the same as the investment strategies affiliates of FESAM offer through pooled vehicles, and are expected to have different results in the separate accounts than they have for the pooled vehicles that are not subject to the regulatory and other restrictions that apply to the separate accounts.

ETF Risk — Investing in an ETF exposes a portfolio to all of the risks of that ETF's investments and subjects it to a pro rata portion of the ETF's fees and expenses. As a result, the cost of investing in ETF shares may exceed the cost of investing directly in its underlying investments. ETF shares trade on an exchange at a market price which may vary from the ETF's net asset value. ETFs may

be purchased at prices that exceed the net asset value of their underlying investments and may be sold at prices below such net asset value. Because the market price of ETF shares depends on market demand, the market price of an ETF may be more volatile than the underlying portfolio of securities the ETF is designed to track. An account may not be able to liquidate ETF holdings at the time and price desired, which may impact performance.

Liquidity Risk — In certain situations, including because of local market conditions, rules or position size, it may be difficult or impossible to sell an investment in an orderly fashion at an acceptable price.

Concentration Risk — Portfolios that are less diversified across geographic regions, countries, sectors, industries, or individual companies generally are riskier than more diversified portfolios and subject to higher levels of volatility.

Value Investing Risk — Value stocks tend to be in favor and out of favor with investors at different times and may underperform other asset types during given periods. The price of a value company's stock may never reach the level that the investment team considers its Intrinsic Value.

Substantial Ownership Positions — Clients of First Eagle sometimes accumulate substantial positions in the securities of and occasionally even gain control of individual companies. Any exercise of management or control could expose the assets of a client to claims by the underlying company, its security holders and its creditors. Substantial ownership positions also are more difficult or expensive to liquidate. At times, regulatory or company-specific requirements will limit or block trading in a company's securities by those deemed to be company "insiders" (officers, directors and certain large shareholders). These limitations are not necessarily related to the possession of a company's material nonpublic information ("MNPI"). Clients of First Eagle may be subject to investment limitations based on aggregate holdings of all First Eagle clients, even if an individual client's or investor's holding would not be subject to such limitations. These limitations could hinder the ability to enter into (or, in some cases, exit) an investment in a timely way or at the scale FESAM believes is attractive, and thus could negatively affect investment performance or returns.

Conflicts with Affiliates' Investments – The Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Company Act") prohibits or restricts "affiliated persons" of a registered investment company or "affiliated person[s] of such a person" from knowingly selling any security or other property to the registered investment company. Blackstone and Corsair hold positions in certain of their respective investee companies that exceed thresholds that would cause certain transactions in those investee companies by FESAM-managed accounts to be considered prohibited "affiliated transactions" under the Company Act. In order avoid such transactions, First Eagle maintains a restricted list of companies over which Blackstone or Corsair have or may have control, as defined by the Company Act. Although FESAM-managed accounts are not subject to these provisions of the Company Act, this restricted list limits the investment opportunities for both the First Eagle Funds and for all FESAM-managed accounts that trade in parallel with one or more of the First Eagle Funds. Moreover, with respect to FESAM's clients that are subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), FESAM must avoid transactions with issuers owned in significant part by Blackstone and Corsair because of prohibitions under ERISA. Similarly, the elimination of the information barrier between FESAM and FEAC (as defined

below), as described in further detail under Item 10, below, has required FESAM to add the names of most of the companies to which FEAC makes loans (and consequently receives MNPI) to FESAM's own restricted list, also limiting FESAM's clients' investment opportunities.

Conflicts Related to Multiple Clients Investing in the Same Portfolio Company – Potential conflicts are expected to be created as a result of FESAM and its affiliates investing different clients in different levels of the same portfolio company's capital structure, such as one client owning debt and another client owning equity in a single portfolio company. When this occurs there can be instances in which FESAM and/or its affiliates, in acting as a fiduciaries on behalf of clients whose rights have priority by virtue of their position in a portfolio's company's capital structure, will be compelled to enforce those rights on behalf of the clients in the stronger capital position to the detriment of other clients, possibly resulting in a complete loss of value in the securities held by the other clients.

Natural Disaster and Epidemic Risk — Natural or environmental disasters, such as earthquakes, fires, floods, hurricanes, tsunamis and other severe weather-related phenomena, generally, as well as widespread disease, including pandemics and epidemics, have been, and can be, highly disruptive to economies and markets, adversely impacting individual companies, sectors, industries, markets, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of investments. Given the increasing interdependence among global economies and markets, conditions in one country, market, or region are increasingly likely to adversely affect markets, issuers, and/or foreign exchange rates in other countries, including the United States. These disruptions could prevent FESAM from executing advantageous investment decisions in a timely manner and negatively impact its ability to achieve its investment objectives. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of investments with FESAM. Most recently, the outbreak of COVID-19 and efforts to contain its spread have resulted in, among other things, border closings and other significant travel restrictions and disruptions, significant disruptions to business operations, supply chains, and customer activity including government shutdowns of sectors of the economy, event cancellations and restrictions, service cancellations, reductions, and other changes, significant challenges in healthcare service preparation and delivery, and prolonged quarantines, as well as general concern and uncertainty. These impacts have caused significant market volatility, exchange trading suspensions and closures, and declines in global financial markets, which have caused losses for investors. The COVID-19 pandemic and its effects may last for an extended period of time and will likely precipitate a substantial economic downturn or recession. The impact of the COVID-19 outbreak will likely continue to negatively affect the global economy, the economies of individual countries, and the financial performance of individual companies, sectors, industries, asset classes, and markets in significant and unforeseen ways. Any such impact could adversely affect the value and liquidity of an investments, and negatively impact a client's performance. In addition, the outbreak of COVID-19 and measures taken to mitigate its effects could result in disruptions to the services provided to FESAM by its service providers.

Operational and Cybersecurity Risks — The failure in cyber security systems, as well as the occurrence of events unanticipated in the disaster recovery systems and management continuity planning of First Eagle, could impair FESAM's ability to conduct business effectively. The occurrence of a disaster such as a cyber-attack, a natural catastrophe, a pandemic, an industrial accident, a terrorist attack or war, events unanticipated in First Eagle's disaster recovery systems,

or a support failure from external providers or intermediaries (including the Implementation Agent (as defined below) or Wrap/SMA Program Sponsors), could have an adverse effect on FESAM's ability to conduct business, maintain the privacy of investors, its clients and employees, and on FESAM's results of operations and financial condition, particularly if those events affect our computer-based data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems or destroy data. If a significant number of First Eagle's or FESAM's senior management and employees were unavailable in the event of a disaster, our ability to effectively conduct our business could be severely compromised. FESAM relies on internal and third-party technology systems and networks to view, process, transmit and store information, including sensitive investor, client and proprietary information, and to conduct many of its business and investment activities. Those systems and networks are subject to a comprehensive information and cyber security infrastructure, including the implementation of policies and procedures, designed to mitigate the risk of technology failures and intentional or inadvertent breaches. It cannot be assured that such measures will be successful in preventing all technology failures and breaches.

LIBOR — On July 27, 2017, the Chief Executive of the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates the London Interbank Offered Rate (commonly known as LIBOR), announced that it intends to stop persuading or compelling banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR to the administrator of LIBOR after 2021. The announcement indicates that the continuation of LIBOR on the current basis cannot and will not be guaranteed after 2021. Actions by regulators have resulted in the establishment of alternative reference rates to LIBOR in most major currencies. For example, the U.S. Federal Reserve, based on the recommendations of the New York Federal Reserve's Alternative Reference Rate Committee (comprised of major derivative market participants and their regulators), has begun publishing a Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), which is intended to replace U.S. dollar LIBOR. Alternative reference rates for other currencies have also been announced or have already begun publication. Markets are slowly developing in response to these new rates. The effect of any changes to, or discontinuation of, LIBOR will vary depending on, among other things, (1) existing fallback or termination provisions in individual contracts and (2) whether, how, and when industry participants develop and adopt new reference rates and fallbacks for both legacy and new products and instruments. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict the full impact of the transition away from LIBOR until new reference rates and fallbacks for both legacy and new products, instruments and contracts are commercially accepted.

Issuer Risk – The value of securities may decline for a number of reasons that directly relate to a security's issuer, such as its financial strength, management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services, as well as the historical and prospective earnings of the issuer and the value of its assets. A change in the financial condition of a single issuer may affect securities markets as a whole.

Reliance on Third Parties — FESAM relies upon the performance of certain third parties, including FEIM, the Wrap Program Sponsors, and the Implementation Agent (as defined below), to perform most of its functions, including functions that are integral to FESAM's operations and financial performance. Failure by such a third party to carry out its obligations to FESAM or the termination of FESAM's relationship with any service provider, or any delay in appointing a replacement for such service provider, could materially disrupt the business of FESAM and could have a material adverse effect on the performance and returns to investors or FESAM's clients.

Additionally, misconduct or misrepresentations by employees of an affiliate, a Sponsor or a service provider, including the Implementation Agent, could cause significant losses to FESAM, its clients, or investors. Despite FESAM's due diligence efforts, misconduct and intentional misrepresentations may be undetected or not fully comprehended, thereby potentially undermining FESAM's due diligence efforts. As a result, no assurances can be given that the due diligence performed by FESAM will identify or prevent any misconduct.

New Manager Risk – FESAM has limited operating and performance history and limited experience managing separate accounts. This may result in lower than expected performance, operational and investment inefficiencies, and/or errors.

Key Person Risk – The performance of client accounts is generally reliant on certain key investment personnel employed in managing assets. Termination, disability, death, or departure of key personnel could adversely affect the client accounts and their performance.

ITEM 9 DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

On September 21, 2015, the SEC announced an agreement with FEIM, the parent company of FESAM, to settle charges relating to the use of assets of the First Eagle Funds (as defined below) to make payments to two financial intermediaries for distribution-related services outside of a written, approved Rule 12b-1 plan, and that were not paid by FEIM out of its own resources. The SEC alleged that the use of the First Eagle Funds' assets to pay for these distribution-related services rendered the First Eagle Funds' disclosures concerning payments for distribution-related services inaccurate. Without admitting or denying the SEC's findings, FEIM was censured and consented to the entry of an order to cease and desist from committing or causing any violations and future violations of Section 206(2) of the Advisers Act, and Sections 12(b) and 34(b) and Rule 12b-1 of the Company Act. FEIM agreed in the settlement to pay disgorgement of \$24,907,354, prejudgment interest of \$2,340,525 and a civil monetary penalty of \$12,500,000. The resolution of this matter did not have a material adverse effect on FEIM's financial results or operations.

ITEM 10 OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

FEIM, the parent company of FESAM, provides investment advisory services primarily to mutual funds, private funds and institutional separately managed accounts ("**Institutional SMAs**"). FEIM is the investment adviser to the First Eagle Funds and First Eagle Variable Funds (collectively, the "**First Eagle Funds**"), which are registered investment companies. FESAM relies on FEIM for numerous services and resources, and the portfolio management teams of FESAM and FEIM work together to make investment decisions for their clients, although trading is handled through a separate trade implementation process.

Trading Process Separation

While FEIM and FESAM expect to operate their portfolio management functions together, they will maintain largely separate trading processes due to limitations related to differences in clients and investment strategies. The separate trading processes are designed to limit the awareness of participants in either process as to the precise timing or method of execution of a particular trade made in the other process. The trading and operations professionals responsible for each process are instructed as to their responsibilities not to discuss trading activities with employees on the

other side of the separation, except under controlled circumstances. Legal and compliance personnel monitor the separation of the trading processes. The establishment and maintenance of this separation policy means collaboration between trading personnel associated with FEIM, on the one hand, and trade implementation personnel of FESAM, on the other hand, will be limited, reducing potential synergies that could otherwise exist. FESAM maintains policies and procedures under which it may determine that certain trades be traded away from the Sponsor or Designated Broker and may route such trades to FEIM's trading desk, in which case those trades would be subject to FEIM's trading policies and procedures. See Item 12 – Brokerage Practices for more information about FESAM's trading practices, separate trading processes, and other policies and procedures established relating thereto.

It is possible that the process separation procedures may not be effective in accomplishing their goal of mitigating potential conflicts of interest and avoiding any actual or perceived misuse of trading information, which in turn could have adverse effects on clients and on the reputation of FESAM.

Blackstone and Corsair

Certain private funds, including BCP VI and Corsair IV, that are managed by affiliates of Blackstone and Corsair, along with certain co-investors, indirectly own or have the power to direct a controlling interest in FE Holdings. (Blackstone Management Partners L.L.C., a registered investment adviser, is the investment adviser to BCP VI. Corsair Investments, L.P., a registered investment adviser, is the investment adviser to Corsair IV. Blackstone and Corsair own and/or control other investment advisers, broker-dealers and sponsors of investment funds.) FE Holdings is the managing member of FEIM, which is the managing member and parent of FESAM.

Certain FESAM employees have interests in or are affiliated with other investment advisers or financial services firms. Certain directors of FE Holdings have industry affiliations with other financial firms, including firms affiliated with Blackstone and/or Corsair; and certain FE Holdings non-employee directors serve as directors of broker-dealers or as principals of investment adviser firms which do business with FEIM and its clients.

From time to time, various potential and actual conflicts of interest arise from the overall advisory, investment and other activities of Blackstone and Corsair, their affiliates and personnel. The following briefly summarizes some of these conflicts but is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such conflicts. Certain of these potential or actual conflicts exist notwithstanding that neither Blackstone, Corsair nor their affiliates may technically be a management person or an affiliated person of FESAM.

On behalf of advisory clients, an affiliate of FESAM has entered into agreements, transactions, loans, brokerage, underwriting or other arrangements with Blackstone and/or Corsair affiliates and portfolio companies, including transactions involving the securities of such companies. From time to time, employees of Blackstone and Corsair serve as directors or advisory board members of certain issuers of the clients' investments or other entities and earn compensation from such activities. It is expected that these investments in such issuers, if any, would not have a material impact on such compensation.

Information Barriers and Blackstone/Corsair — By virtue of their respective ownership interests in FESAM, Blackstone and Corsair will have access to information that FESAM’s clients, including investors in the Wrap/SMA Programs, will not have. Blackstone and Corsair may be entitled to receive information regarding FESAM and its activities, including, without limitation, information about FESAM’s clients, as well as confidential, proprietary information about FESAM.

In addition to policies and procedures that have been adopted by FESAM or its affiliates to mitigate potential conflicts and comply with applicable law, Blackstone and Corsair have adopted certain policies and procedures, including information barriers, to mitigate potential conflicts of interest that each has with its portfolio companies and to address certain regulatory requirements and contractual restrictions. This results in reduced investment opportunity for FESAM’s clients. First Eagle maintains a restricted list of companies whose securities are subject to trading prohibitions due to the business activities of Blackstone and Corsair. FESAM and its clients are subject to those prohibitions. A client’s account could be prohibited from buying or selling securities on the restricted list until the restriction is lifted, which could disadvantage the client’s account.

Blackstone and Corsair have represented creditors or debtors in proceedings under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code or prior to such filings. From time to time Blackstone and Corsair serve as advisors to creditor or equity committees. While FESAM has adopted policies and procedures, including information barriers, to mitigate potential conflicts and reduce the risk that FESAM would face restrictions under these circumstances, the participation of Blackstone or Corsair in any such activities could potentially limit or preclude the flexibility that FESAM’s clients may otherwise have to participate in restructurings. Alternatively, FESAM could be required to liquidate any existing client positions of the applicable portfolio entity. The inability to transact in any security, derivative or loan held by a client could result in significant losses to a client.

First Eagle Alternative Credit, LLC and certain of its subsidiaries and other affiliates are registered investment advisers, serve as general partner, collateral manager and investment manager for both direct lending and broadly syndicated investments, through public and private vehicles, collateralized loan obligations, SMAs, and co-mingled funds (such entities collectively “**FEAC**”).

FEAC’s Direct Lending platform provides debt and equity capital to middle-market companies. In particular, direct lending clients provide financing primarily in the form of directly originated first lien and second lien secured loans, including through unitranche investments. In certain instances, direct lending clients make subordinated debt investments, which sometimes include an associated equity component such as warrants, preferred stock or similar securities, and direct equity co-investments. One of FEAC’s Direct Lending clients is a publicly traded business development company that in turn manages certain private funds and SMAs.

FEAC also offers a Tradable Credit platform. The Tradable Credit strategy offers discretionary and non-discretionary investment management services to clients in below investment grade investment opportunities in bank loans, high yield debt, collateralized loan obligations (“**CLOs**”), including CLO debt or equity mandates, and other securities. FEAC’s Tradable Credit clients include: registered funds, separate accounts, private funds and structured products, including CLOs.

Information Barriers and FEAC—FEAC, an affiliate of FESAM, takes certain positions in syndicated loans (which may be deemed “securities” under the federal securities Laws) and other similar financial instruments and may receive MNPI from time to time with respect to such issuers. As a general matter, there is no information barrier between FEAC and FESAM. Accordingly, FEAC’s receipt of confidential information in the course of its business activities will restrict FESAM’s trading and investment activities. However, from time to time, in limited circumstances, FEAC, FEIM and FESAM could determine it appropriate to implement an information barrier. Any such information barrier would be reasonably designed to restrict communications as between FEAC, FEIM and FESAM so that FEAC may continue to receive confidential information in the course of its business activities, without restricting FEIM and FESAM’s trading and investment activities. In such circumstances, each of FESAM’s and FEAC’s investment professionals would be instructed as to their responsibilities not to discuss investment activities with employees on the other side of the information barrier. Legal and compliance personnel would monitor the information barrier and manage any communications between FESAM and FEAC related to potential conflicts and receipt of MNPI.

Because there is generally no information barrier between FESAM and FEAC, there will be instances where FESAM will be prohibited from making an investment that it would have made if there were an information barrier, resulting in reduced investment opportunity for FESAM’s clients.

Notwithstanding the maintenance of restricted lists and other internal controls, it is possible that a breach of policies and procedures could occur which breach could result in the potential misuse of MNPI. This potential misuse of MNPI could have adverse effects on the reputations of FESAM and FEAC, potentially resulting in the imposition of regulatory or financial sanctions and, as a consequence, negatively impacting each of FESAM and FEAC’s ability to perform investment management services on behalf of its respective clients.

ITEM 11 CODE OF ETHICS

FESAM has adopted a Code of Ethics (the “**Code**”) to establish policies addressing its fiduciary duties to its clients and to set forth general ethical principles and a standard of conduct that FESAM requires of its employees. The Code establishes policies regarding personal trading by employees and their immediate family members (as defined in the Code), to mitigate actual and potential conflicts of interest. Generally, the Code prohibits personal trading in any security (subject to exceptions set forth in the Code) while any client’s trade order is pending in that security.

FESAM has implemented procedures to monitor compliance with the provisions of the Code, including pre-approval of personal securities transactions and post-trade monitoring, as well as quarterly personal transaction certifications and annual compliance confirmations and holdings report certifications. The Code contains prohibitions on purchases of initial public offerings of equity securities and preclearance procedures with respect to private placements. For employees and their immediate families, personal securities transactions must be pre-cleared and are subject to short-term trading bans and blackout periods, unless they meet certain exemptions. Personal securities transactions are monitored for compliance with the Code. Any employee who violates the Code is subject to remedial action, including termination of employment. Employees are required to provide written certifications of their compliance with the Code upon the commencement of their employment and annually thereafter.

In addition, in accordance with FESAM's Code of Business Conduct and inside information procedures, FESAM prohibits the use of material, non-public information ("inside information") and maintains a restricted list of securities that may not be purchased by its employees for their own accounts or for client accounts because of the possession of inside information. The Code of Business Conduct addresses areas of conduct regarding conflicts of interest, including but not limited to the acceptance and provision of gifts and business entertainment, outside business activities, political contributions, charitable contributions and privacy. On a quarterly basis, employees must disclose all gifts and business entertainment in excess of certain de minimis thresholds, and employees must pre-clear giving/receiving gifts or providing/receiving entertainment if above certain thresholds or, in any amount, if made to government/public fund officials, union representatives, plan fiduciaries or foreign officials.

Copies of FESAM's Code of Ethics and Code of Business Conduct are available to all clients and prospective clients upon request.

Participation or Interest in Personal Trading

From time-to-time, First Eagle's employees, in their personal securities accounts, purchase, sell, or otherwise enter into transactions in securities and other instruments. Prior to, simultaneously with or after such transactions, FESAM occasionally will, for its clients, purchase, sell, or otherwise enter into transactions involving any of these same securities or other instruments, or in related securities or instruments (including securities issued by the same issuer, options on such securities or instruments, and instruments convertible into such securities or instruments). In addition, while FESAM generally does not enter into principal transactions, it is permitted to cause its advisory clients to enter into principal transactions with related persons in accordance with Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act. To address these potential conflicts, employees deemed to be **"Access Persons"** under the Code are required to report brokerage and trading accounts to FESAM upon hire, at the time a new account is opened and annually thereafter. Access Persons' personal securities transactions are also subject to limitations regarding the type and timing of transactions, including certain trading prohibitions, and pre-approval and monitoring by the firm's Legal and Compliance Department.

Subject to the restrictions described above, First Eagle's employees personally are permitted at any time to hold, acquire, increase, decrease, dispose of or otherwise deal in investments in which a client account also has an interest. FESAM has no obligation to acquire the same securities for different clients, or to acquire the same securities for clients that employees have acquired for their personal accounts. Likewise, client accounts do not have first refusal, co-investment or other rights in respect of any such investment.

First Eagle and its related persons and employees are permitted to buy or sell securities that are also purchased and sold on behalf of client accounts. FESAM expects from time to time to take positions for advisory clients, and affiliates of FESAM have taken positions for their own accounts in securities contrary to the positions held in the same securities (*e.g.*, short versus long positions) by clients of FESAM. It is possible that FESAM or its affiliates may, from time to time, cause short sales for a client to be executed following long transactions for other clients (including proprietary accounts) in the same security. There is a possibility that employees might benefit from market activity by a client in a security held by an employee. The Code is designed to mitigate

potential conflicts of interest and improprieties, including even the appearance of impropriety in employees' personal actions. The nature and/or timing of actions taken by one or more of FESAM's employees or by one or more of FESAM's affiliates, either for their own accounts or for the accounts of clients, will often differ from the nature and timing of actions taken by FESAM for client accounts. Because the Code of Ethics places restrictions on when employees can trade certain securities, the price received by FESAM's clients in a securities transaction will most likely be different than the price received by FESAM's employees.

FESAM and its affiliates perform investment management and investment advisory services for various clients, including SMAs and Wrap Programs, many of whom have differing investment objectives, guidelines, and restrictions. As a result, FESAM or an affiliate from time to time will give advice and take action in the performance of its duties for a particular client that differs from the advice given, or the timing or nature of action taken, with respect to other clients. Frequently, a particular security is bought or sold for only one or a small number of clients, or in different amounts and at different times for more than one but less than all clients. Accounts held for clients of FESAM may invest in the same non-US companies as do clients of affiliates in similar strategies, however, the clients of FESAM often purchase those interests through different instruments, such as ADRs, which behave differently and expose clients of FESAM to different risks than if such interests were held directly. In some cases, FESAM or an affiliate may cause one or more accounts to buy or sell a security from or to a broker-dealer, and soon thereafter may engage in the opposite transaction for one or more other accounts from that or another broker-dealer. This practice may result in certain accounts receiving less favorable prices. FESAM and its affiliates have adopted procedures that they believe are reasonably designed to obtain the most favorable price and execution for the transactions by each account under the circumstances applicable to each account, including the account restrictions and investment guidelines.

In addition, affiliates of FESAM have other relationships with certain Wrap/SMA Program Sponsors, including for the distribution of the First Eagle Funds or other products or services offered by First Eagle. These other relationships potentially create conflicts of interest where FESAM or an affiliate could have more incentive to favor certain Wrap/SMA Program Sponsors than they would in the absence of such other relationships. FESAM has adopted policies and procedures regarding trade allocation that are governed by the principle of fair and equitable allocation among clients over time that are intended to mitigate these potential conflicts.

ITEM 12 BROKERAGE PRACTICES

FESAM participates as an investment manager to separate accounts in certain Wrap/SMA Programs. Generally, FESAM has investment discretion with respect to its Wrap/SMA Programs, except that its arrangements with sponsors of "model only" Wrap/SMA Programs are non-discretionary. When exercising discretion over client brokerage, it is FESAM's policy to seek to obtain the best execution available for its clients' securities transactions or the most favorable results under the circumstances. FESAM's determination of best execution does not necessarily mean that a client is paying the lowest possible commission rate or experiencing the narrowest spread, as there are several additional important factors to consider when evaluating best execution in client brokerage. In evaluating best execution for its clients, FESAM considers the full range and quality of a broker's services, including without limitation execution capability, commission

rates (or markup or markdown) and volume discounts, financial responsibility, confidentiality, and general responsiveness. For its discretionary investment clients, because the financial institution sponsoring the Wrap/SMA Program typically does not charge commissions, each investor (or the Sponsor on the investor's behalf) generally is expected to direct FESAM to place securities trades for execution with the Sponsor or a Designated Broker, subject to the obligation to seek best execution and the capacity and willingness of the Sponsor or Designated Broker to execute the trade. For clients who enter into investment management agreements directly with FESAM, FESAM typically requires such a direction. In an effort to monitor that trade execution through the Sponsor or the Designated Broker remains consistent with its obligation to seek best execution, FESAM expects to periodically perform trade execution cost analyses.

The Wrap/SMA Program Sponsor will generally be responsible for negotiating the commissions or other charges and fees for its transactions with its chosen broker dealer(s) — i.e., in those instances, FESAM would not be responsible for negotiating broker transaction commissions or other related charges or fees. Depending on such factors as the size of the order, and the type and availability of a security, orders for accounts may be executed throughout the day, or over an extended period of time.

Although the Sponsor or Designated Brokers will generally waive commissions for Wrap/SMA Program orders because these accounts have prepaid commissions as part of their wrap fees, in certain circumstances, Wrap/SMA Program accounts will incur commissions or markup/markdowns, paid to the executing broker, that are in addition to their prepaid commissions/wrap fees. Examples include when: (i) a security is thinly traded and requires the executing broker's full service execution capability to source liquidity; (ii) Wrap/SMA Program orders for ADRs which require conversion from local shares, bear foreign-exchange fees and charges, or that bear other ADR-related costs; (iii) ongoing custody or service fees charged by ADR depository banks for inventorying the underlying non-U.S. shares and performing related administrative services; and (iv) when FESAM places certain orders in Wrap/SMA Programs for ADRs, ETFs, and fixed income securities. These commissions or mark-ups/mark-downs are netted into the price received for a security and will not be reflected as individual items on the client trade confirmation. These fees are in addition to the Wrap/SMA Program fee charged by the Sponsor.

To execute investment orders in ADRs that are viewed to have limited liquidity in U.S. markets, FESAM, a Sponsor, or Designated Broker may coordinate with broker-dealers that purchase the ADR issuer's underlying ordinary shares in non-U.S. markets and then package such shares into an ADR (in the case of an ADR purchase) or convert the ADR into underlying ordinary shares of the ADR issuer and then sell such shares in non-U.S. markets (in the case of an ADR sale). These transactions typically involve foreign exchange, ADR conversion and related costs and charges that are reflected in the net price paid or received by the investor account.

Wrap/SMA Program fees typically assume a normal and consistent amount of trading activity, and therefore, under particular circumstances, a prolonged period of inactivity can result in higher fees than if commissions were paid separately for each transaction. An investor who participates in a wrap fee arrangement with a Sponsor should consider that, depending on the level of the wrap fee charged by the Sponsor, the amount of portfolio activity in the account, the value of the custodial and other services which are provided under the arrangement, and other factors, the wrap fee may or may not exceed the aggregate cost of such services if they were provided separately.

Separate Trading Processes

FESAM maintains a separate order implementation process to implement trades for Wrap/SMA Program accounts (referred to as the “**FESAM Trade Implementation Process**”). The FESAM Trade Implementation Process transmits orders for Wrap/SMA Program accounts to Sponsors or Designated Brokers without regard to the timing of the placement of any aggregated order made on behalf of other First Eagle clients, which will result in the executing brokers used by Sponsors or Designated Brokers potentially competing against the trading desk for other First Eagle clients when implementing buy and sell orders from time to time, possibly causing certain accounts to pay more or receive less for a security than other accounts. As a result of the separateness of the processes, the FESAM Trade Implementation Process will not typically have the full benefit of or access to all of the institutional or market knowledge of other First Eagle trading personnel, which could impair the quality of trading of investors. Affiliates of FESAM will generally be making similar investment transactions at a similar time as for Wrap/SMA Programs, and because of differences in the trading process for Wrap/SMA Programs, will typically have the opportunity to make some part of those investment transactions before orders for Sponsor-directed brokerage accounts are executed, although FESAM or its affiliates may also choose to execute trades for other accounts over a more extended time.

The FESAM Trade Implementation Process does not maintain an in-house trading desk or any traders, but ordinarily utilizes a service provider to implement trades across various Wrap/SMA Programs (the “**Implementation Agent**”). FESAM will typically implement a trade for all accounts managed by a particular Sponsor at the same time. As a result of differences in the trading process for Wrap/SMA Programs such as use of the Implementation Agent, use of Sponsor-directed brokerage, differences in internal compliance reviews, and variations in account restrictions and strategies, investment decisions provided by the portfolio management teams of FEIM and FESAM concurrently to their corresponding trade execution areas may experience timing delays in execution and orders are not expected to be executed at the same time.

Typically the FESAM Trade Implementation Process will include a random trade rotation procedure implemented at the Implementation Agent in accordance with FESAM’s policy to treat all accounts fairly and equitably over time. Accounts in a rotation may experience sequencing delays and market impact costs with respect to certain transactions relative to other accounts in the rotation. The FESAM Trade Implementation Process may also assist portfolio managers with the allocation of trades for certain clients.

Trading Away

Because investors will typically not pay additional trading costs when the Sponsor or Designated Broker is the broker-dealer that executes a trade order, FESAM generally expects that the Sponsor or Designated Broker’s execution capabilities as broker-dealer will continue to provide the most favorable option for placing trade orders. However, FESAM may choose to trade away if it reasonably concludes that another broker-dealer will provide a more favorable execution under the circumstances, notwithstanding any additional costs that the client account may incur. FESAM periodically reviews the execution quality provided by Sponsors and Designated Brokers it uses without trading away, consistent with its obligation to seek best execution in the trading of client accounts.

When FESAM trades away, the trades are executed at a broker-dealer other than the Sponsor or Designated Broker and are cleared and settled at the Sponsor or Designated Broker. If FESAM executes trade orders with a broker-dealer other than the Sponsor or Designated Broker, a client may incur trading costs in addition to the fees charged by the Sponsor for your participation in the Wrap/SMA Programs. If an investor's Sponsor or Designated Broker charges trade away processing, clearing or settlement charges for the trade, the investor's account separately bears these charges. The broker-dealer executing the trade-away transaction may charge fees that may include commissions, markups, markdowns or "spreads" paid to market makers, which will be borne by the client. Additionally, if a foreign currency transaction is required, a foreign broker-dealer may receive compensation in the form of a dealer spread, markup or markdown. There may be other exchange or similar fees charged by third parties, including but not limited to those relating to foreign currency conversion, creation of ADRs, and foreign tax charges. Investors typically will not be able to tell by looking at their trade confirmation or account statement whether they incurred additional costs (or the amount of any such costs) in connection with trading away by FESAM, because such costs may not be identified separately but are incorporated into the net price of the trade.

Because FESAM in connection with the FESAM Trade Implementation Process does not maintain an independent trading desk, the process of trading away from a Sponsor or Designated Broker would require additional steps that may delay trade execution. Typically, a trade designated to be "traded away" would be routed through the FESAM Trade Implementation Process to the Implementation Agent, who would be instructed to send the trade to the trading desk of an affiliate of FESAM. Moreover, FESAM trades would be incorporated into the trade rotation of FESAM's affiliate which may entail additional delay. As a result, the decision to trade a security away from the Sponsor or the Designated Broker will not generally be made on a trade-by-trade basis, but based on characteristics of a category of trades. Because FESAM's obligation to seek best execution requires its reasonable determination regarding the characteristics of future trading costs and market situations which change rapidly and are inherently uncertain, there is no guarantee that FESAM will ever determine to trade away from the Sponsor or Designated Broker or that it will correctly predict when a category of trades should be traded away. If FESAM's determination is incorrect, the quality of trade execution for its clients can be expected to be negatively impacted.

To the extent trading away from the Sponsor or Designated Broker involves additional expense or operational complexity for FESAM or its affiliates that would not be borne by investor accounts, FESAM is subject to a conflict of interest regarding the determination about whether to trade away from the Sponsor or Designated Broker that could cause it to trade away less often than if FESAM had a more developed trading operation.

Trading Allocation

FESAM endeavors to allocate investment opportunities to its clients in a way that is fair and equitable over time, taking into account the client's specific investment objectives, cash available for investment, client-imposed restrictions, and other relevant factors including but not limited to strategies, risk parameters, time horizons, relative sizes of the funds/accounts and amounts of capital available for investment, relative exposure to market trends, available capacity, liquidity needs, volatility and leverage considerations, diversification considerations and other market risk factors, contractual restrictions and guidelines, minimum and maximum investment sizes, tax and

operational considerations, legal and regulatory factors, and similar factors. When there is limited supply of a security or investment opportunity, the pro rata treatment of all accounts generally remains applicable to the extent feasible within existing limitations, such as minimum lot sizes. It is FESAM's policy to make allocations, in the case of limited investment opportunities, fairly and equitably among clients. However, such a fair and equitable allocation need not be based solely on the relative net assets of the participating accounts. Although FESAM seeks to allocate trades fairly over time, it cannot assure that in every instance an investment can or will be or allocated proportionately. Because of the differences in trading instruments and process from strategies managed by affiliates, FESAM does not expect trades to be aggregated or coordinated with affiliates.

Pursuant to its trade allocation policies and procedures, FESAM generally expects to use a randomizer at the Implementation Agent to generate a rotation schedule to seek fair and equitable allocations among its clients over time. Under such an approach, FESAM would deliver investment recommendations to the Implementation Agent who will use the randomizer to determine the order in which Sponsors or overlay managers will receive the instructions.

In a case where FESAM determines its obligation to seek best execution requires it to trade away from the Sponsor or Designated Broker, FESAM may determine, in its discretion, to deviate from the procedures described above or to follow them, as it views is required by the situation. In either case, such trades would also be subject to the trade allocation and aggregation procedures of its affiliate, FEIM, which are described in Item 12 – Brokerage Practices, of the Form ADV Part 2A brochure for FEIM, available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Directed Brokerage

A Sponsor or client may direct that all or a certain portion of the transactions for accounts of its investors be executed through the Sponsor or Designated Broker. In such a case, FESAM would not have the authority to "trade away" from the Sponsor or Designated Broker and FESAM would not be responsible for monitoring the trade execution costs of such arrangements. Such restrictions could affect (1) FESAM's ability to negotiate favorable commission rates or volume discounts, (2) the availability of certain spreads, and (3) the timeliness of execution, and as a consequence, may result in a less advantageous price being realized by Wrap/SMA Program accounts. There may be a material disparity in commissions charged to Sponsor-directed brokerage accounts versus the accounts of other First Eagle clients or in the timing, manner, or quality of trade execution, and FESAM would not necessarily obtain best execution for any such transactions that must be traded through a Sponsor or Designated Broker. Accordingly, FESAM expects where possible to obtain a written acknowledgment, either as part of the investment advisory agreement or otherwise from Sponsor or its clients, regarding the effects of any Sponsor-directed brokerage arrangement on transaction execution costs.

Model-Only Accounts

With respect to Model-Only accounts (for which FESAM does not have the discretion to make specific investment decisions), FESAM will deliver investment recommendations for the relevant Model-Only portfolios to the Sponsor or Designated Broker, which in turn will determine whether and how to execute the trade. Model delivery platforms may be included within the FESAM

discretionary accounts trade implementation order rotation. However, FESAM may determine based on market conditions, liquidity, size of order or any other relevant factors to exclude a full or partial Model delivery platform order from the discretionary rotation. If the orders are not included in FESAM's implementation order or rotation for discretionary accounts, the Model delivery platform orders may be transmitted to Sponsors before or after the discretionary orders. Even if a Model-Only program is including in FESAM's discretionary rotation, delays in trading at the Sponsor or Designated Broker, which are outside the control of FESAM, may cause its accounts to trade after FESAM's discretionary accounts, even if the Model-Only program receives an earlier placement in the rotation.

Exceptions to the above procedures may be made to avoid, among other things, odd lots and de minimis allocations.

ITEM 13 REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Portfolio Managers review performance, transactions and holdings for accounts on an ongoing basis and select investments in accordance with each client's investment objectives, as stated in their respective investment management agreements, and consistent with the investment philosophy of FESAM.

Generally, each Wrap/SMA Program receives periodic performance and holdings reports per the contractual requirements of the client's investment management agreement. FESAM maintains systems for guideline surveillance that check pre-trade security transactions and post-trade account holdings against client account guidelines.

ITEM 14 CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

FESAM or its affiliates has adopted incentive plans and enters into agreements from time-to-time that provide for compensation to its employees who develop and refer new business. In addition, while FESAM or its affiliates currently have no agreements with third party solicitors who refer clients in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act (or any successor rule), they may enter into such agreements in the future.

Investors or prospective investors should be aware that these incentive plans or arrangements create a conflict of interest between an investor and FESAM, as well as FESAM's relevant employees, placement agents and others. This conflict continues after an investment is made to the extent that payments under these plans or arrangements are made over a period of years by reference to the amount of the investment maintained with FESAM over time. Such plans or agreements include those First Eagle has with First Eagle employees who develop and refer new business as well as plans or agreements with certain directors of FE Holdings, or their affiliates, who have industry affiliations with other financial firms, including firms affiliated with Blackstone and/or Corsair. There are also FE Holdings non-employee directors who serve as directors of broker-dealers or as principals of investment adviser firms which do business with FESAM and its clients.

In Wrap/SMA Programs, FESAM receives fees from the Sponsor for all services rendered by FESAM to Sponsors or investors in accounts sponsored by them. To the extent that the Sponsor

might not be considered a client of FESAM, FESAM might be considered to receive cash compensation from a non-client in connection with giving advice to program investors.

ITEM 15 CUSTODY

Although FESAM does not expect to have “custody” of client funds or securities within the meaning of Rule 206(4)-2 under the Advisers Act, the SEC deems investment advisers, including FESAM, to have “custody” of client funds or securities within the meaning of Rule 206(4)-2 under the Advisers Act if they have access to or authority over client accounts for purposes other than, among other things, issuing trading instructions. If FESAM is deemed to have custody of a client’s account, the client’s custodian will send the client periodic account statements indicating the amounts of any funds or securities in the account as of the end of the statement period and any transactions in the account during the statement period. Clients should receive at least quarterly statements from the broker dealer, bank or other qualified custodian that holds and maintains the client’s investment assets. FESAM urges clients to carefully review such official custodial records and compare them to any account statements that FESAM may provide. It should be noted that FESAM’s statements may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates, or valuation methodologies of certain account positions. Investors are advised to notify their Sponsor promptly if account statements are not received from their respective account’s custodian on at least a quarterly basis.

ITEM 16 INVESTMENT DISCRETION

Generally, for Wrap/SMA Programs other than model-delivery programs, FESAM is appointed on a discretionary basis to provide continuous investment advice with respect to a Wrap/SMA Program pursuant to an investment management agreement that describes the services to be provided. Consistent with the account’s investment objectives, FESAM typically will be granted full investment decision making authority over the types of investments for the account. Within the respective investable scope of each of FESAM’s investment strategies, FESAM expects to agree with investors to implement from time to time certain investor-specific restrictions on the investments that FESAM may effect for their account. When selecting securities and determining transaction quantities, FESAM seeks to follow the investment policies, limitations and restrictions of its clients.

Wrap/SMA Program participants may not be able to provide such customized requests under the terms of their Wrap/SMA Program. FESAM has limited or no investment discretion regarding selection of broker-dealers for certain Wrap/SMA Programs. Please see Item 12 — Brokerage Practices for more information about FESAM’s brokerage policies.

ITEM 17 VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

Clients that retain FESAM with respect to a Wrap/SMA Program other than a “Model only” Wrap/SMA Program are expected typically to authorize FESAM to vote proxies on their behalf in their investment management agreements. First Eagle has adopted proxy-voting policies and procedures designed to ensure that where clients have delegated proxy-voting authority to FESAM, proxy-voting decisions are sought to be made solely in the best interest of clients and to enhance the economic value of the underlying portfolio securities held in its clients’ accounts. Where FESAM receives authorization to vote proxies, it expects to retain Institutional Shareholder Services (“ISS”) as its third-party proxy voting service provider to analyze proxy issues and

recommend how to vote on those issues, and to assist in the administration of the proxy process, including maintaining complete proxy voting records. FESAM generally receives analyses and recommendations based upon ISS's Standard Guidelines (the "**Standard Guidelines**") and monitors the services received from ISS as described in more detail below.

Proxies voted by FESAM are ordinarily instructed in accordance with the applicable ISS guidelines, unless FESAM believes that it is in the best interest of the client(s) to vote otherwise. Factors that FESAM typically considers in determining whether to vote otherwise include but are not limited to: (i) director independence initiatives, in consideration of an issuer's long-term business strategy, use of capital, ownership structure and long-term director incentives; (ii) shareholder proposals for greater disclosure, in view of the robustness of a company's existing disclosures and legal requirements, and any associated financial costs and competitive issues raised by the proposal; and (iii) executive compensation programs, in light of FESAM's assessment of the value created by an issuer's management over the long term, measured in terms of market share gains and capital discipline compared to peer companies. In those cases in which FESAM's investment personnel believe a proxy should be voted in a manner contrary to applicable ISS guidelines, the investment personnel must complete a form describing the reasons for departing from the applicable ISS guidelines and disclosing facts that might suggest a conflict, if any. In the event the applicable ISS guidelines do not address how a proxy should be voted or state that the vote is to be determined on a "case-by-case" basis, the proxy will typically be voted in accordance with the investment team's recommendation, as approved in advance by FESAM's Legal and Compliance Department.

In certain circumstances, a client may request in writing that FESAM vote proxies for its account in accordance with a set of guidelines which differs from the Proxy Guidelines. For example, a client may wish to have proxies voted for its account in accordance with the Taft-Hartley proxy voting guidelines. In that case, FESAM will vote the shares held by such client accounts in accordance with their direction, which may be different from the vote cast for shares held on behalf of other client accounts that vote in accordance with the Proxy Guidelines.

For any material conflict of interest that arises between FESAM's interests and a client's interests, votes will only be cast in the best interest of the client, regardless of the situation.

FESAM occasionally refrains from voting proxies for its clients' accounts, taking into account its obligation to act in the best interest of clients. Potential circumstances for not voting include but are not limited to the following:

- When the economic effect on shareholders' interests or the value of the portfolio holding would not reasonably be expected to be material;
- When the voting of proxies is subject to "share-blocking" restrictions;
- When voting the proxy would unduly impair the investment management process;
- When the client's custodian has not notified FESAM of the vote on a timely basis;
- When client securities in a securities lending program are out on loan;
- Due to timing issues related to the opening and closing of accounts; or
- When the cost of voting the proxies outweighs the benefits or is impractical.

It is not customary for investors in unsponsored ADRs to be given proxy voting rights. To the extent FESAM invests client assets in unsponsored ADRs, clients of FESAM may not have any proxy voting rights with respect to such securities, even though clients of FEIM that own the locally traded foreign shares underlying such unsponsored ADRs will typically have proxy voting rights.

As part of its ongoing monitoring efforts, First Eagle determines whether ISS has the capacity and competency to adequately analyze the matters for which FESAM is responsible for voting. First Eagle will consider in making its determination such factors as it deems appropriate and applicable, which may include, among other things: (i) the adequacy and quality of the ISS's staffing, personnel, and technology; (ii) the adequacy of ISS's process for seeking timely input from issuers and its clients; (iii) the adequacy of the ISS's disclosure of its methodologies in formulating voting recommendations; (iv) the nature of any third-party information sources that ISS uses as a basis for its voting recommendations; and (v) the adequacy of ISS's policies and procedures regarding how it identifies and addresses conflicts of interest. Any factual errors or methodological weaknesses of ISS as may be identified by the First Eagle investment teams also will be considered. As ISS also is providing proxy administration and vote tabulation and submission services, First Eagle's monitoring addresses those services in addition to ISS's research and recommendation services.

Clients may obtain a copy of proxy voting policies and procedures applicable to FESAM or obtain information on how their account's securities were voted by submitting their request in writing to: First Eagle Separate Account Management, LLC, Attention: Legal and Compliance Department, 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105 or by calling (212) 698- 3300.

In certain Wrap/SMA Programs, FESAM may not be delegated the responsibility to vote proxies held by the Wrap/SMA Program accounts and, instead, the Sponsor or another service provider will generally vote such proxies. Investors in these Wrap/SMA Programs should contact the Sponsor for a copy of the Sponsor's proxy voting policies.

ITEM 18 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FESAM does not require or solicit prepayment of its fees. FESAM is not aware of any financial commitment that impairs its ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to clients.

PRIVACY NOTICE

FESAM is committed to protecting your privacy. We are providing you with this privacy notice to inform you of how we handle your personal information that we collect and may disclose to our affiliates. If FESAM changes its information practices, we will provide you with notice of any material changes. This privacy policy supersedes any of our previous policies relating to the information you disclose to us.

Why this Privacy Policy Applies to You

You obtained a financial product or service from or through us for personal, family or household purposes when you opened an account with FESAM and are therefore covered by this privacy policy.

What We Do to Protect Your Personal Information

We protect personal information provided to us by you according to strict standards of security and confidentiality. These standards apply to both our physical facilities and any online services we may provide. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard consumer information. We permit only authorized individuals, who are trained in the proper handling of individual client information and need to access this information to do their job, to have access to this information.

Personal Information that We Collect and May Disclose

As part of providing you with FESAM's products and services, we may obtain nonpublic personal information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you on subscription applications or other forms, such as your name, address, telephone number, Social Security number, occupation, assets and income;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or unaffiliated third parties, such as your account balances, payment history and account activity;
- Information from public records we may access in the ordinary course of business; and
- Information collected from you online, such as your IP address and data gathered from your browsing activity and location.

Categories of Affiliates to Whom We May Disclose Personal Information

We may share personal information about you with affiliates. Our affiliates do business under names that include but are not limited to First Eagle Holdings, Inc., First Eagle Investment Management, LLC, FEF Distributors, LLC, and First Eagle Alternative Credit, LLC.

You May Limit Marketing Solicitations by Choosing to Opt Out

We offer you the right to opt out from many types of marketing by our affiliates based on your personal information that we collect and share in accordance with this privacy policy. To limit those marketing solicitations, you may call 800.334.2143 indicating your desire not to receive marketing from our affiliates. Should you choose to opt out, your choice will remain in our records until you notify us otherwise, although we may choose to contact you in the future to modify your preference.

When We May Disclose Your Personal Information to Unaffiliated Third Parties

We will only share your personal information collected, as described above, with unaffiliated third parties:

- At your request;

- When you authorize us to process or service a transaction or product (unaffiliated third parties in this instance may include service providers such as the First Eagle Funds' distributors, registrar and transfer agent for shareholder transactions, and other parties providing individual shareholder servicing, accounting and recordkeeping services);
- With companies that perform sales and marketing services on our behalf with whom we have agreements to protect the confidentiality of your information and to use the information only for the purposes for which we disclose the information to them; or
- When required by law to disclose such information to appropriate authorities.

We do not otherwise provide information about you to outside firms, organizations or individuals, except to our attorneys, accountants and auditors, and as permitted by law.

What We Do with Personal Information about Our Former Customers

If you decide to discontinue doing business with us, we will continue to adhere to this privacy policy with respect to the information we have in our possession about you and your account following the termination of our relationship.

ABOUT THIS BROCHURE

This Brochure is not:

- **an offer or agreement to provide advisory services to any person;**
- **an offer to sell interests (or a solicitation of an offer to purchase interests) in any fund; or**
- **a complete discussion of the features, risks or conflicts associated with any fund or advisory service.**

As required by the Advisers Act, FESAM provides this Brochure to current or prospective clients of FESAM. FESAM may also provide this Brochure to current or prospective investors in a Wrap/SMA Program by agreement with the Sponsor even if FESAM does not necessarily consider such investors to be clients.

Although this publicly available Brochure describes investment advisory services and products of FESAM, persons who receive this Brochure (whether or not from FESAM) should be aware that it is designed solely to provide information about FESAM as necessary to respond to certain disclosure obligations under the Advisers Act. As such, the information in this Brochure may differ from information provided in relevant Wrap/SMA Program disclosure materials (“**Program Materials**”). More complete information about each fund is included in its respective Program Materials, certain of which may be provided to current and eligible prospective investors only by FESAM. To the extent that there is any conflict between discussions herein and similar or related discussions in any offering materials, the relevant Program Materials shall govern and control.